Name	_ Period	Date	
------	----------	------	--

## **Mystery Vials**

Go around to room to find all 18 vials of substances. Vials with the same number contain identical substances. Use the common ion list and the information given to complete the rest of the spaces in the chart below.

Ion Name	Ion Formula	Ion Name	Ion Formula	Ion Name	Ion Formula
nitrate	NO <sub>3</sub>	oxide	O-	chloride	CI-
sulfide	S-	sulfate	SO <sub>4</sub>	hydroxide	ОН
phosphate	PO <sub>4</sub>	fluoride	F-	carbonate	CO <sub>3</sub>

Vial	Chemical Name	Chemical Formula	Observations
1		Fe(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (aq)	
2		Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (s)	
3	iron (II) nitrate		
4		(g)	Clear, colorless gas
5	sodium nitrate		
6		NaOH (s)	
7	copper (II) chloride		

8			
9		HNO <sub>3</sub> (aq)	
10			Shiny, reddish solid. metal?
11	sodium hydroxide		
12	copper (II) oxide		
13		(/)	Clear, colorless liquid
14	sulfuric acid		
15		CuO	
16		CuCl <sub>2</sub> (aq)	
17	copper (II) nitrate		
18		FeCl <sub>2</sub> (s)	

3. Compounds are substances that are made up of more than one element. In your data table, place a C next to the number of each vial that contains a compound.				
4. What do you think (s), (l), and (g) stand for?				
a. (s) -	b. ( <i>l</i> ) -	c. (g) -		
5. How would you write the chemical formula for ice?				
6. What do all the substances labeled (aq) have in common?				

c. Zn -

2. These symbols represent elements. Identify each element.

b. H -

a. Cu -